

## Death of Mrs. Mary Crabb

**MRS. MARY CRABB**  
Funeral services for Mrs. Mary Crabb, who passed away on Tuesday, March 20, at Wainwright municipal hospital, were held on Mar. 23, at Irma United church. Rev. Longmire, assisted by Rev. Richard, officiated, and interment took place in Irma cemetery.

The pall bearers were Messrs. Sam Holt, Ralph King, Alfred Bacon, Bill Walker, Jack Taylor, and Don Savard.

Mrs. Crabb was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. Milton, of Fabyan. She was born at Fabyan on April 18, 1922, attended Battle Heights school. She has lived in this district all her life, where she became endeared to all by her friendly spirit, kindly smile and ever willing helping hand. She was married to Mr. Frank Crabb on Jan. 3, 1942.

She leave to mourn her loss her husband and infant daughter, her father and mother, two sisters, and three brothers.

Beautiful floral tributes were received from the following: Mr. and Mrs. Jameson and family; Mr. and Mrs. J. Allison; Mr. and Mrs. R. Eaton; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Savard; Mr. and Mrs. N. Wilbertson; Mr. and Mrs. A. Bacon; Mr. and Mrs. A. Lapalme; Mr. and Mrs. T. Shaw; Mr. and Mrs. H. Walker; Ethel, Wes and Fred Bacon; Mr. and Mrs. S. Shaw; Mr. and Mrs. A. Deitrich; Mr. and Mrs. J. Dalton; Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson; Mr. and Mrs. J. Headon; Mr. and Mrs. S. Fenton; Mr. and Mrs. G. Ledue; Mr. and Mrs. T. Moore; Mr. Walter Adams; Mr. and Mrs. S. Smith; Mr. and Mrs. Holt and Sam; Ralph and Joy King; Mr. and Mrs. Burns.

Mr. and Mrs. Worthing and family; Nancy, Lilly, Pearl, Ruby and Violet Walker; Brenda Hewett; Gorjina and Martin Enger and family; Mr. and Mrs. R. McFarland; Mr. and Mrs. G. Madder and Doris; Mr. and Mrs. D. Gardiner and family; Mrs. B. Locke; Mr. and Mrs. V. Larson; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McLean; Mr. and Mrs. W. Frickelton; Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Jones and family; Mr. R. Hanson; Ben and Olive Sather; Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Savard.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Golding; Mrs. Craig and family; Mrs. King, Esther and boys; Mr. and Mrs. C. Steele; J. C. Ford and family; Mr. and Mrs. W. Steele and family; Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Fisher; Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Fisher; Mrs. Taylor; Jack, Allan and Clara; Mr. and Mrs. W. Watson; Mr. and Mrs. W. Patterson; John and Emma Stewart; William and Deloraine Stewart; Mr. and Mrs. F. Younker; The Younker family; William Crabb; John and Sophia Ostad; Wes and Allie Bacon; Frank and Alma Ford; Fred and Irene Ford; Edith and Arne Myggland; Mr. and Mrs. Black.

Contributors to the Irma United Church Building Fund in memory of the late Mrs. Mary Crabb were: Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Anderson; Irma Students Union; Mrs. Rome and family.

To the Alberta Protestant Home for Children: Burton family; Mrs. Renwick; Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Jones.

### CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank all our neighbors and friends for the lovely gift and farewell party, also the Albert school children for their gifts of cash to our children. These acts of kindness are deeply appreciated.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kasdorf, Irma.

### CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank everyone for their expressions of sympathy, floral tributes, help and kindness, at the time of our recent, sad bereavement.

Frank Crabb, Mr. and Mrs. W. Milton and family.

### CARD OF THANKS

I wish to take this opportunity to thank my many friends for their kindness shown me with flowers and letters during my recent illness, especially Mr. and Mrs. J. Jackson.

Mrs. Ivan Archibald

## Wainwright S.D. Board Meeting

Present—H. E. Spencer, T. C. Sanders, F. E. Dixon, W. Lawson. Trustee Dallyn was absent.

Moved by Mr. Dixon that the minutes of the last meeting be adopted. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Dixon that we purchase Mr. Gorton's phonograph machine for \$15.00. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Spencer that the resignation of Mrs. Lucio and the application of Miss Ruefeler be accepted. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Sanders that we adjourn until 1:30 p.m. Cd. The meeting was called to order at 1:30 p.m.

Dr. Swift of the department of education was in attendance at a joint meeting of the boards of the Wainwright school division and the Wainwright school district called for the purpose of discussing the probable entry of the Wainwright school district into the division.

Moved by Mr. Spencer that the Wainwright school division board endorse the motion made in joint meeting with a delegation from the Wainwright school district favoring entry of the Wainwright school district into the division. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Sanders that the Superintendent's report be adopted. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Dixon that custodians for grade 9 examination

### NEWS OF OUR BOYS

Bob Simmermon started on a long journey last Sunday night after being at home on leave.

Mrs. Alma Enger received a letter recently from her brother, Charlie Miles, who was in a hospital near the western front. This is the first word any of the family have had from him since D Day. Mrs. J. Fletcher attended Wings Parade at Calgary last week where her brother, Gilmore, received his wings.

papers as outlined be accepted. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Dixon that Miss E. Arthur's and Miss V. Simmerman's application for Battle Creek and White Cloud respectively be accepted. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Sanders that the accounts be paid in the amount of \$9,199.37 and that same be incorporated in the minutes. Cd. Moved by Mr. Dixon that we call for tenders on supplying coal for subdivisions 3, 4 and 5. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Lawson that we adjourn. Cd.

Delegation of teachers met with board at 7:30 p.m. to discuss changes in the salary schedule.

Moved by Mr. Dixon that we requisition the M.D. of Wainwright to grade one half mile of road south of Gilt Edge road to Mayfield school. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Lawson that we adjourn. Cd.

The next meeting to be held on April 27 at 9 a.m.

### GRAND SESSION OF LADIES' ORANGE LODGE HELD IN CALGARY

A record attendance of 96 voting delegates, with another hundred members and friends helped to make a most interesting grand lodge session in Calgary from Mar. 21 to 23.

Mrs. A. Gillfillan, of Edmonton, succeeded Mrs. McCrae, of Calgary, as grand mistress for the province of Alberta, while Mrs. H. Stewart, of Wetaskiwin, received the election for deputy grand mistress, and Mrs. E. W. Carter, of Irma, was elected to the position of junior deputy grand mistress.

Most inspiring papers were given by the retiring grand mistress, Mrs. McCrae, and past grand mistress of Saskatchewan, Mrs. Stewart, of Edmonton.

Irma Lodge took the honors in the trophy award, winning the shield for having contributed the most per member of any lodge in the province toward the upkeep of the Alberta Home for Children. The Irma Lodge feels this could not have been accomplished without the support of all its friends in Irma and district. To all such we say a very hearty thank you.

Mrs. C. Pyle was the official delegate to grand lodge from Irma and is already looking forward to the next grand lodge session which will be held in Red Deer in Mar. 1946.

The whole grand lodge body took a firm stand against the operating of a French-speaking broad-

### At the Churches

**UNITED CHURCH**  
Sunday, April 8  
Irma—Sunday school 11 a.m.  
Public worship 7:30 p.m.  
A hearty invitation to all.

### MILK AND BUTTERFAT SUBSIDIES FOR 1945

A press release from the dominion department of agriculture under date of March 14, indicates that the subsidies on milk and milk products during the twelve months beginning March 1 will continue the same as in the period May 1, 1944, to April 30, 1945. These subsidies are as follows:

Butterfat used in the manufacture of creamery butter—10c per pound.

Milk for the manufacture of cheese 20c per 100 lbs.

Milk for concentrating purposes, May 1, 1945, to September 30, 1945, 15c per 100 pounds.

Milk for concentrated purposes October 1, 1945, to April 30, 1946, 30c per 100 pounds.

Fluid milk in authorized areas May 1, 1945, to September 30, 1945, 35c per 100 pounds.

Fluid milk in authorized areas October 1, 1945, to April 30, 1946, 55c per 100 pounds.

In certain areas the fluid milk subsidy will continue at 25c per 100 pounds.

casting station in Alberta, and feel very proud of the stand the Alberta government has taken in this respect.

### FARMERS LOOK TO THE FUTURE

By Mr. L. B. Thomson, Supt. Experimental Station, Dept. of Agriculture, Swift Current

Mechanization will win the war and mechanization will win the peace. This statement has been made many times and the significance of it is just as true with agriculture as it is in the major task of winning the war. Due to the restrictions of war, such as labor, limited equipment supply, etc., it has been necessary for the farmer to apply mechanics more than ever in producing the increased food supplies. Likewise in the national tragedy of the early thirties when drought and soil drifting ravaged the prairies, the use of proper equipment was a key factor to adequately meet problem. Lack of purchasing power at that time prohibited the use of the right type of equipment to meet specialized soil erosion problems. Now that the agricultural income has improved there is every reason to believe that planned mechanization for more efficient production is necessary not only to obtain better results from the soil, but to place quality products on the world markets in competition with other countries.

Mechanization does not necessarily mean purchase of three numbers of farm machines and equipment. The wholesale distribution of machines in places where they are not suitable will just lead to further soil erosion problems. Mechanization or the application of mechanical principles to efficient production must consider the soil conservation problems. The influencing factors are the conservation of soil moisture, the control of soil erosion by wind and water. The importance of these factors varies with the different soil types and climatic conditions. To achieve the best soil moisture conservation on the brown and dark brown soils of the prairies requires the use of the right type of farm implement. No one implement can be expected to do 100 per cent tillage job. Many changes in tillage machinery are taking place. It is well, therefore, for farmers to study the newer types of blade machines, special cultivators, and the different types of one way disks, and many others. Their proper use is extremely important in all soil zones to reduce the soil drifting menace. In soil erosion by water, specialized equipment is necessary to reduce the hazards of the problem. An intensive study is required to determine the use of these machines, either for individual use or where the custom principle is applied.

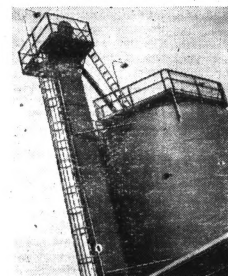
In livestock production mechanization to reduce costs is very important. Improved heavy machinery is necessary to reduce the cost of harvesting hay crops. Many mechanical appliances can improve the facilities for producing quality livestock products.

Farmers are making many plans for the future. These plans can not be completed in five years but the task ahead should be viewed at least 25 years or more ahead. Temporary measures may limit the productive capacity of the soil in future years.

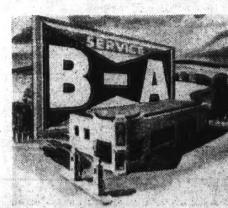
In addition to the conservation of moisture and the soil, it is necessary to consider a further conservation—and that is finance. To achieve the objectives of all soil conservation principles with the application of mechanization a reserve of purchasing power to meet the need when it arises is sound business. Security for the future planning is of paramount importance. Already many farmers have reserves in Victory Bonds, War Saving Certificates and the like. The wise and well planned use of these securities for future mechanization will enable a steady and progressive production. A stampede of spending in post-war years may impede instead of helping it. Government securities are backed by the ability of the Canadian people to use the natural resources.

The ability of the farmer to use these securities in making agriculture more profitable and more permanent will be the key towards a sound Canadian economy in the future.

# NOW AN OIL THAT'S 'ALLOYED'...KEEPS ENGINES CLEAN!



HIGH VACUUM Distillation . . . Refractory Process . . . M. E. R. Solvent . . . Catalytic Clay (part of this plant is shown above) these are each important steps in the famous Clarkson 5-point-process which makes the purest, most efficient lubricating oil known. Then comes the unique 5th step—the step that "alloys" the oil against oxidation; just as iron is alloyed against rust to make stainless steel. This step means that Peerless Motor Oil will stay on the job longer, keep engines cleaner, cut the repair costs.



FOR BETTER SERVICE and better products—products like Peerless—change now to your British American Oil Dealer.

## This Spring switch to B-A's sensational new 5-point-process PEERLESS MOTOR OIL

This year don't delay! Get your spring change-over early, before that dirty worn-out oil in your car causes serious damage! And when you change, switch to Peerless, B-A's new, Canadian-made, 5-point-process oil that's "alloyed" to prevent its fouling your car's engine . . . to help keep your repair costs down!

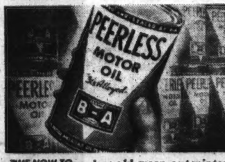
### THIS YEAR IS CRUCIAL

It is particularly important, when most of us are driving cars which have already given abnormal service, that we give the engine every possible chance. Only by so doing can we hope to get through the driving season without trouble. That's why it's so important to know how Peerless Motor Oil does a better job.

Here in a nutshell is the reason: From selected lubricating crude oils, B-A eliminates everything except the purest, "oiliest" lubricating fractions. Then, by a special process, Peerless Motor Oil is "alloyed" against decomposition under the heat and pressure it meets in the engine of your car! For longer, safer car life switch now to B-A Peerless Motor Oil!



FARM TRACTORS need proper lubricating oil even more than cars and trucks. Because "it's alloyed" Peerless Motor Oil keeps tractor engines in better shape!



THE NOW! To replace old, worn-out winter grade oil with B-A Peerless Motor Oil. Delay may be disastrous! Drive in tomorrow to the sign of the big B-A!

YOU ALWAYS BUY WITH CONFIDENCE  
AT THE SIGN OF THE BIG B-A

THE BRITISH AMERICAN OIL COMPANY LIMITED  
CARL ANQUIST, Dealer Irma, Alberta

## NEW HIGHWAY PROPOSED FOR B.C.

Will Pass Through A Country Rich In Natural Resources

Providing the long-sought Peace River outlet to the Pacific Coast, the new highway proposed by the British Columbia government and announced at a session of the legislature, will pass through country of rare scenic beauty and great potential wealth in natural resources.

At a cost of \$6,000,000 the government plans to join the ends of existing highways at Commotion Creek, 85 miles west of Dawson Creek on the Alaska Highway and Summit Lake, 32 miles north of Prince George.

The 154 miles of new road required will traverse lush valleys with thousands of acres of good farming land and rich timber areas abounding with big game. It will tap coal deposits estimated to run into millions of tons. Starting at Summit Lake, the height of land and headwaters of the Arctic, the route will follow the Crooked River and numerous lakes linked to Parsnip River where a large bridge will be built. Thence it will swing northeast and follow the Misinchinka River to Pine Pass to cross the Rockies summit at 2,850 feet elevation.

It will then swing horsehoe-wise through the Pass, eastward along Pine River to Commotion Creek, there joining the present road system of the Peace River Block and so on to Dawson Creek on the Alaska Highway.

At Prince George, on the Canadian National Railway line to Prince Rupert, the route will connect with the Cariboo Highway stretching 490 miles southwestward to Vancouver.

At present settlement is sparse along the proposed route. On the part to be built there is only one community—Fort McLeod—with 100 population, mostly trappers. But the road will provide an outlet for some 100,000 residents of the Peace River Block and adjacent country. Government officials predict that the new highway will attract tourists from all over the continent and that settlement of the area through which it will pass will be rapid.

It is recalled residents of the Peace Block took up picks and shovels and started to build their own highway in 1937 by way of Monkman Pass. Lacking money and equipment most of the 40 workers doing the week's work; others received \$1 daily from a fund donated by businessmen. Store-keepers donated groceries and the Alberta government supplied some tents.

More than 90 miles of roadway was built in rough fashion but the project was never completed.

## Can Be Dangerous

Minding One's Own Business Too Strictly Leads To Disaster

Some of the best words on this subject (minding one's own business) were spoken by a ghast, who had learned the truth when it was too late. They are the words spoken by Jacob Marley to the unregenerate Ebenezer Scrooge. "You were always a good man of business," Scrooge had said. And Marley replied: "Business!—Mankind was my business. The common welfare was my business; charity, mercy, forbearance, and benevolence, were, all, my business. The dealings in my trade were but a drop of water in the comprehensive ocean of my business."

In our own day we have seen the same reality drawn large and clear in the case of nations. Sadly many have been the nations that sought to mind their own business and to allow others to mind theirs. But they have come near to being swept away forever in the tides they sought to ignore.

Certain it is that no democracy can survive a citizenry that minds its own business. The enjoyment of democratic freedom can come only through the acceptance of democratic responsibilities. In a democracy there is no more dangerous man than the man who is minding his own business.—Montreal Gazette.

## OVER 100 YEARS

The Fort William Times-Journal says longevity among Canadians seems to be on the increase. There have been several cases recently where persons have achieved a life record of more than 100 years. The most recent is the case of Peter Addison Mabes, of Picton, Ont. He died the other day at the age of 102. He was a descendant of United Empire Loyalist settlers.

## WATCH THE SCALES

Housewives should not buy food weighed on scales whose needles don't stop jiggling. Authorities claim that bouncing scales do not weigh accurately.

## Brampton, Ont., Man Owns Largest Jersey Herd In The World



Duncan Bull and one of the 100 jerseys on his Brampton, Ont., farm, famed as being the largest jersey herd in the world. A calf recently was sold to South Africa for \$10,000.



This cow from Duncan Bull's herd at Brampton, Ont., was champion Canadian milk giver last year. Cowgirl Jerry entertains her with banjo music.

## Has Many Uses

Seaweed Is Valuable Product And Costs Little To Gather

Seaweed, that brown, salty, chewy stuff that grows on rocks, and which is particularly valued as a food by people of Scotland and Ireland, who can pick it off the rocks when the tides goes out and eat it raw, has been found to have useful properties in the manufacture of war materials. The result is the formation of the Scottish Seaweed Research Association, which has been given grants by the government to establish two experimental stations. Seaweed is rich in natural iodine and while the cost of gathering it is almost nil, as it doesn't belong to anybody, it can be bought in powder form at drug stores in Canada—at a price.

Among the products now extracted from seaweed, which is also known as dulse, or as kelp, are gums, glue, size, textiles, plastics, paper and jellies. Boiled with certain substances it becomes a kind of cement which when reinforced with fibre, makes wallboard that will hold nails and take varnish. It can be made into a cellulose which, under another form of treatment, produces a rubber-like material that will make typewriter rollers. Mixed with a metal it can be spun into a lustrous rayon of great strength that is completely fireproof. Other products are protective colloids, jelling agents in foodstuffs; it can be used in cosmetics and various chemical substances; it has uses in optometrical lenses and dental moulds; it has new uses in brain and eye surgery and also in bone-setting.

It is extraordinary what research chemists have discovered about seaweed, which needs no cultivation but simply grows in limitless and never-ending quantities. A new era is being opened up for the scientific world and for the benefit of mankind.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

## Law In Iceland

Forbids Employee To Work For Pay During His Vacation

In Iceland, a law compels workers, with a few continuous paid vacations, to take continuous paid vacations between June 1 and Sept. 15. The formula is roughly one day of vacation for every month worked since the last vacation. In the United States, many workers—after winning vacations—then prefer not to take them, but demand extra pay in lieu of them, while they continue to work. This defeats the whole vacation idea. It is interesting to note that Iceland not only compels the worker to take the vacation, but forbids him to work for pay at his, or any similar, occupation.—Milwaukee Journal.

## START AT ONCE

Jet propulsion engines for propellerless airplanes have been found not to require a period of warming up, the jet propulsion engine being ready for flight a minute after the starter button has been pressed.

Squirrels use their tails for parachutes in long jumps.

## GEMS OF THOUGHT

### COURAGE

True courage and courtesy go hand in hand. The bravest men are the most forgiving and the most anxious to avoid quarrels.—Thackeray.

That courage is poorly housed which dwells in numbers.—The lion never counts the herd that is about him, nor weighs how many flocks he has to scatter.—Hill.

Courage that grows from constitution often forsakes a man when he has occasion for it; courage which arises from a sense of duty, acts in a uniform manner.—Addison.

Fear of punishment never made man truly honest. Moral courage is requisite to meet the wrong and to proclaim the right.—Mary Baker Eddy.

Moral courage is a virtue of higher cast and nobler origin than physical. It springs from a consciousness of virtue, and renders a man, in the pursuit or defense of right, superior to the fear of reproach, opposition or contempt.—S. G. Goodrich.

Who, then, is the invincible man? He whom nothing that is outside the sphere of his moral purpose can dismay.—Epictetus.

### USED LONG AGO

"V-mail" was in use as early as 1870, when the French government, during the siege of Paris by the Prussians, sent microfilm messages by pigeon to other Frenchmen who projected the messages on a screen and copied them by hand.

Bottles were used for the first time in England during the 18th century for the purpose of maturing wine.

## The Thin Edge

Member Of London Club Objected To Admitting Any Woman

Leonard Lyons tells this story in New York Post: Beatrice Lillie tells of the exclusive London club to which one of her friends belongs. One day, while he was sitting in the chair which has been his exclusively for 30 years, and smoked the pipe he's been smoking for almost the same length of time, his newspaper reading was disturbed by the arrival of the club's steward who opened the windows and tried to get the smoke out of the room. He looked up and saw a lady at the other end of the room. "A woman, in here?" he gasped. "That's never happened here since this club was started 167 years ago. I won't stand for it. 'But, sir,'" said the steward. "It's Her Majesty, the Queen."

"Steward," said the member, returning to his reading, "that's the thin edge of the wedge."

## Something In It

Writers And Psychiatrists Think Family Affection Pretty Good Thing

Daughters have been much in the political light recently, not as politicians but as daughters. Sarah Churchill has accompanied her father on some of his trips. Anna Boettiger made the journey to Yalta. Could this be one of the reasons why the psychiatrists, the specialists in child delinquency, and the playwrights have recently been emphasizing the fact that family affection is a pretty good thing after all?—New York Times.

### GOES IN REVERSE

A balloon filled with hydrogen descends when released from the top of Mount Washington. N.H. Air currents go over the peak and down the leeward side with such speed that a released balloon is unable to rise until it has left the side of the mountain.

The surface of the earth contains 55,000,000 square miles of land and 141,000,000 square miles of water.

## Gave Them A Trial

And Blind People Again Proved They Are Expert Workers

A Southampton works manager told a Labor Exchange official that he needed rivet sorters. "I could do the job with my eyes shut," he said. When the official suggested blind persons he was rather credulous, but agreed to give two blind workers a trial.

After a fortnight he returned and asked for more and now has 37 blind people at work. "It is we who have been blind," is his comment.

George Tomlinson, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Labor, told this story at the Urban District Councils' Conference in London.—London Daily Sketch.

## A New Device

For Converting Sea Water Into Good Drinking Water

A device which harnesses rays of the sun to make drinking water from seawater is now being turned out in a pocket size as standard equipment for fliers forced down in tropical waters.

The device known, as a sunstill, will produce a pint of fresh water in eight hours under average conditions in the tropics and nearly a quart an hour under ideal conditions.

## CHINESE PASTIME

Cricket-fighting has been a national pastime in China for centuries. The Chinese recognized the sprightliness of these musicians of the insect world who can leap 100 times the length of their bodies. Fights between the crickets were staged in pottery jars and bets were made on the outcome.

## PLENTY OF FOOD

Donald Gordon, Prices Board Chairman, said in an address at Toronto to 200 provincial presidents of women's organizations that there "is no shortage of foodstuffs in Canada for our own immediate needs."

Buy War Savings Stamps regularly.

## POST-WAR BOOM IN AUTOMOBILE TRADE

Car Business Is Expected To Be The Biggest Ever Known

The "greatest boom" ever known in the United States automobile business was forecast in Montreal by E. M. Sheehan, director of the National Standard Parts' Association, during an address at the annual meeting of the Canadian Automotive Wholesalers' Association.

"We in the United States are looking forward to the greatest boom in the automobile business after the war we ever had," Mr. Sheehan said.

Mr. Sheehan added that, according to a recent survey, it would take three years from the start of production to make 5,000,000 new cars.

C. G. Keyes, of Ottawa, president of the association, had earlier told the delegates that "the standard of service to the automobile wholesalers must be raised to meet post war competition, and its goods must be made more readily available to its customers."

"This suggests a re-arrangement of territory, possibly more branches and smaller territories," Mr. Keyes said. "The sales staff must have a more detailed knowledge of the lines handled and be prepared to give technical advice both on business and mechanical methods and operations."

## Jet Planes

Claim Is Made For Great Economy In Operation

Simultaneously have come British and U.S. air force announcements of the new "jet" planes they have developed. The R.A.F.'s new machine is the Meteor; the Americans' the P-50, or Shooting Star.

When these aircraft will do is still largely a secret, but enough has been revealed to show that in speed, climb, range and economy of operation they are superlative. The jet engine, or gas turbine, as it is more properly called, weighs only half as much as a gasoline engine of similar power. The jet engine is implicitly itself, and can be replaced in 15 minutes. Jet flying is simpler, with fewer instruments and fewer controls.

This latest development in aeronautical engineering may have a strong impact on human life. Consider only two possibilities. First, the jet plane is implicitly itself, and can be replaced in 15 minutes. Jet flying is simpler, with fewer instruments and fewer controls.

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## Gave His Services

Man Retired From Active Life Took On Essential War Work

In 1939, Mr. Douglas Dewar, who had been for 25 years the New York partner in a famous English accounting firm, retired from active business life and came to Vancouver to live. His health was not good and rest was advised.

In September when war began he offered his services to the Canadian Government in any capacity, and was promptly put in charge of the foreign exchange control at Vancouver.

When war control was set up, Mr. Donald Gordon asked Mr. Dewar to go to Ottawa. There for five years he has been Mr. Gordon's right-hand man. His name seldom appeared in print. He worked quietly and efficiently as deputy chairman, and he worked harder than he ever had in all his active business career. His health suffered but that did not stop him. He accepted no remuneration. A C.B.E. came his way and that was all.

That, and the remarkable tribute paid him by Donald Gordon, when his retirement from the deputy chairmanship was announced, are all he has to show for six years of hard and conscientious work. But there is something more, an intangible, the respect and admiration of all Canadians who know of his years of devoted service and self-sacrifice.—Vancouver Province.

## CARIBOO GOLD

Cariboo Gold Quartz Mining Company Limited, Wells, B.C., reported February production at \$56,324 from 3,407 tons of ore milled. This compared with January production of \$59,176 from 3,435 tons.

Pomegranate flowers yield a jelly to Moroccans, who add this to their native porridge dish, obtaining a delightful flavor.

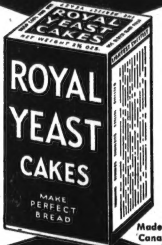


NOTHING LIKE  
GOOD  
BREAD

NOTHING  
LIKE GOOD  
YEAST!



50 years a favorite  
for light-textured,  
delicious, tasty  
bread



7 OUT OF 8  
CANADIAN WOMEN  
WHO USE DRY YEAST  
USE ROYAL!

OUR COMPLETE  
SHORT STORY—

## Modern Judas

By FAYE McGOVERN

McClure Newspaper Syndicate

Boyd Carr, American volunteer pilot on reconnaissance, banked his plane and looked down. Below him was the broad Yellow River firmly restrained in its new dike system. On its bank was the missionary building that had been reported raided by a band of rebels.

It was where Boyd had been born, of missionary parents. Where he had grown up, and spent many happy hours playing with Soo Ling, a young convert. After a visit to the States with his parents, where he had absorbed American customs in a surprisingly short time, he and Soo Ling played cops and robbers with all the realistic zeal of their active imaginations.

Boyd grinned, remembering the clout he had given Soo Ling with a small sandbag they had made, laying Soo out cold for ten horrified minutes.

A figure emerged from the building, looked up and waved. Boyd grinned. "Soo Ling, I'll bet my eyeteeth."

Maybe the report about the rebels had been false. He swung the nose of his cabin cruiser downward, and in a few moments was bumping along the uneven ground. Should anything be amiss he had his revolver.

He opened the door, stepped out, and grunted with surprise. A scowling, roughly clad Chinese was pointing a bayonet straight at his middle. Others crowded around menacingly.

Boyd's hand moved toward his holster, but a sibillant word from the bayonet wielder sent his hands skyward. Grim-lipped, he scanned the ominous crowd.

"Soo Ling!" he shouted, recognizing his childhood friend among them. The one yelled at stared at him coldly.

"Do you know this man?" the one

with the bayonet, apparently the leader, demanded caustically of Soo Ling.

Soo Ling shook his head. "I know him not!" he replied in emphatic Chinese.

With a grin of delight the chief relieved Boyd of his revolver, then ruthlessly bound his hands behind him; commanded the ragged group to form a cordon around him, and headed the bank toward the levee.

"Hey, what's the idea?" Boyd yelled. "I'm an American citizen. I demand to know the meaning of this!"

His protests brought nothing but stony silence. Then he realized that in his fury he had shouted in English. When he tried translating his thoughts, he realized with despair that, though he could still understand, he could not longer speak Chinese.

But Soo Ling had spoken English like a true Yankee when they were youngsters. "Soo! For Pete's sake. Don't you remember me?"

The leader barked something at Soo Ling, who scowled blackly. "I tell you I know the infidel not!"

Boyd ground his teeth, thinking of the tireless years his father had spent teaching his converts to live clean, decent lives, winning them away from their superstitions; their idolatrous ancestor worship. Now the youngest had turned thief!

As they neared the narrow top of the dike they had to form a single line. The leader shouted to the others, then gave Boyd a prod that indicated he should follow, with himself bringing up the rear.

Soo Ling turned on him furiously, spewing a string of Chinese invectives, gesticulating angrily. Boyd stared, not understanding all he said—but enough to realize Soo Ling wanted to be the prisoner's guardian. Hadn't the American dog flown his big machine down on the grave of Soo's immortal father? Didn't such desecration, such insult, give him the privilege?

Boyd's spine froze. No one knew better than he the lengths to which the Chinese would go to avenge a fancied insult to their departed forefathers. The gleaming bayonet now surrendered to Soo Ling was a formidable weapon for one bent on revenge. What a fool Boyd had been to forget the old burying ground!

He marched on, his muscles tensed against the thought of cold steel in his ribs. Just ahead was the gate that controlled the flow of water to the rice fields. Better a leap to the muddy field below than—

There was a yank at his bonds. His hands were free! He whirled. The bayonet was thrust at him wrong end foremost. Then Soo Ling was before him, giving the spillover wheel a vicious jerk; then another and another. Dirty yellow water roared through the widening space just ahead. "Run, Boyd!" Soo Ling yelled.

Boyd started, then stopped. With a final yank the leader had whirled, leaped across the roaring stream and made for Soo Ling. But Soo Ling ducked, whipped something from his pocket, and brought it down hard on the leader's skull. The man pitched forward and lay still.

A glance told Boyd that as soon as the rebels realized their prize was escaping they'd find courage enough to make the leap, too.

"Soo, you Judas!" Boyd gasped as Soo caught up with him. "I thought you had denied me for good!"

"Not for all the ransom in China," Soo grinned. "Fortunately I was alone at the mission when they attacked it, but I had to pretend to join them to protect my hide. Thank heaven you happened along!"

Boyd yanked open the door of the plane and dragged Soo Ling in behind him. "You sure pack an awful wallop," he called above the motor's revolutions.

"I used this," Soo Ling answered. "I remembered what it did to me." "This" was a floppy bag with a tip of hard-packed sand.

A moth's wings are inflated with air, which is pumped into the pneumatic wing tubes from the respiratory organs.

### HERE'S MY FEED PROBLEM

When should I start feeding my chicks growing mash?

HERE'S THE ANSWER

Whether you rear your birds indoors or on the range, start feeding "Miracle" Growing Mash about the 7th week. We say "MIRACLE"

Growing Mash, because "Miracle" contains all the elements in balanced proportion needed to build sturdy hens so that they will be prepared to stand long and high egg production. And if you have plenty of grain, ask your dealer for "Miracle" Growing Mash Supplement... and make your own growing mash.

ASK FOR "MIRACLE" FEEDS

### Devotion To Ideal

Descendant Of Polish King Gave Life For His Country

Stanislaw August Poniatowski, who died in 1798, was the last king of Poland. He was not Poland's greatest king, but he left a name which meant a vital heritage to a descendant of his 147 years later.

The descendant, Prince Marien-André Poniatowski, escaped from France to Britain during the German invasion in 1940. Although he had never seen Poland and spoke no Polish, he enlisted in the Polish army in Britain because he believed he owed a duty to the name he bore. He won a commission and went with his unit to fight on the Western Front. There, at the age of 23, he died in action against the enemies of the homeland he never knew.

In Polish history the name of Poniatowski takes on added lustre from his devotion to an ideal and from his sacrifice in behalf of it.—Buffalo Courier-Express.

### GARDEN NOTES

**First Plantings**  
Vegetables divide themselves into three main planting groups. In the first are the hardy things, those that can stand just as soon as the soil can be prepared regardless of the weather ahead. These will stand lots of frost and in fact for best results they must make their first growth while the weather is still cool and wet.

In the vegetable line these very early things are garden peas, the first onions, carrots and beets, radish, spinach and lettuce. Experienced gardeners say that these can be planted just as soon as the soil has worked up nicely and is no longer muddy.

But they advise strongly against planting them all at once. They make a practice of sowing beets, radish, spinach, etc., at least three times, about ten days apart. By spreading out the sowing in this way so is the harvest, and one has them coming in on successive crops of the tenderest vegetables imaginable.

One can spread out the season still more by using an early, late and medium variety. This sort of spreading is particularly advisable with those vegetables which must be sown very early in the spring.

In the second group of vegetables the semi-hardy things, which can stand a light frost but would prefer none, would be early potatoes, the first corn, beans, cabbage and, at the end of the line, the tender plants that can stand no frost at all would be the melons, cucumbers, tomatoes, pumpkins, etc.

**Nursery Stock**  
Nursery stock is the name that covers all the sort of things one gets from a nursery, everything from perennial flowers and strawberry plants to 10-foot ornamental trees.

This year due to the shortage of labor, gasoline and imported foundation stock from Europe, the Canadian supply is not plentiful, hence all the more reason for taking care of what one can buy.

All nursery stock should be planted just as soon after purchasing as possible. With large plants and trees it is especially necessary to give roots plenty of room and give the soil firmly about them. Cultivation for some time is advisable and also watering when first planted and if the weather is dry. It is essential, of course, to protect roots from wind and air generally in unpacking and planting.

### GO LONG WAY

Giant Chinese green onions grow from two to two and one-half feet long, two and one-half inches in diameter, and weigh more than three pounds apiece.

### Soiless Culture

Possibility Of Chemical Gardening Not A New Discovery

Everything that is known about the growing of plants without soil, commonly known as soiless culture or chemical gardening, including its application to outside gardens, was explained by Dr. H. Hill, Division of Horticulture, Dominion Department of Agriculture, in an address at the recent annual convention at Winnipeg of the Manitoba Horticultural Association. The possibility of growing plants without soil was not a new discovery, said Dr. Hill. Originally it was employed in experimental research, and the Division of Horticulture at Ottawa had used it for the last 20 years in studying the nutritional requirements of various horticultural crop plants, and in becoming familiar with the appearance of the plants when specific plant nutrients were lacking or inadequate.

Miraculous yields which sometimes had been claimed for soiless gardening were neither miracles nor peculiar to the method. Extremely high yields were simply the result of lengthening the growing season, and that could not be done economically in soil or in soiless culture. Any plant which did not have a terminal type of flowering could grow indefinitely with an adequate supply of nutrients, provided it was not killed by insects or disease and did not have its life cut short by frost. Because the roots of plants were capable of absorbing and assimilating only food that was in solution, it did not matter whether soil or some other medium furnished that food.

A number of different terms, said Dr. Hill, have been applied to this system of growing plants, according to the medium employed and the technique adopted. Some of these terms were hydroponics, water culture, sand culture, gravel culture, chemical culture, and soiless growing. These methods could be divided roughly into two groups—growing plants with the root system immersed in water in which the essential plant nutrients had been dissolved, and growing plants with the root system supported in a solid medium, such as sand, cinders, or gravel to which the necessary nutrients were added. The Division had adopted the second method, employing a solid medium composed of its greater simplicity and practicality. In water culture, the method consisted essentially of supporting the plants with their roots dipping into a tank or container of nutrient solution. In the production of food by the sand culture method, the beds or benches for the vegetables grown for the Royal Canadian Air Force at Labrador were of roughly built wooden benches 100 feet long, five feet wide, and 8 inches deep, raised on trestles two feet above ground. Six to eight inches of sand was sufficient for the majority of crops. Dr. Hill gave full details of the feeding and fertilizer formulae applicable to the various methods.

### Aid For France

Lend-Lease Credits Have Been Extended By United States

The United States announced extension of lend-lease credits to France for civilian supplies totalling \$2,575,000,000.

The supplies are to continue moving to the French under a broad new lend-lease agreement signed with the De Gaulle government, even after the end of the war, unless President Roosevelt decides to cancel the contracts as being not "in the national interest."

The French agreed to pay for the materials thus received on a 30-year basis; the credits to bear interest at 2½ per cent. annually.

They cover a master lend-lease arrangement similar to those made with Great Britain, Russia and China; a reciprocal aid plan by which France agrees to devote its resources as far as possible to the Allied war effort.

### HARDLY PAID

A three-cent stamp cost St. Joseph county \$15. County commissioners, before selling an old safe, called in a locksmith to make certain it contained nothing valuable. The locksmith retrieved the stamp and submitted his bill for \$15.

The Egyptians call molasses, "black honey".

Do you suffer from MONTHLY NERVOUS TENSION

Lydia E. Pinkham's VEGETABLE COMPOUND

## Help The Red Cross "SALUDA" TEA

### Developed RDX



Dr. George Wright, professor of chemistry, University of Toronto, who developed RDX, world's most powerful military explosive, in his laboratory. Recently he became a Canadian and has been granted a permit for his shotgun, refused him before.

### Red Cross Parcels

Prisoner Of War Tells How Medical Supplies Were A Life-Saver

"No donation of mine to the Red Cross will ever be casual because if it were not for the parcels which were sent to me during the three years I was a prisoner of war in Germany, I would not be here today. Dr. A. G. Henderson told an enthusiastic meeting of Canadian National Railway officers and employees in the C.N.R. station at Winnipeg. "Canadian Red Cross parcels were the most acceptable to the war prisoners of any parcels, even from Britain and the United States," said Dr. Henderson, who, with his wife, became German prisoners after the torpedoing of the Zam Zam. "The medical supplies were a life-saver, as none could be obtained in Germany and the clothes and books, apart from the food, served a most valuable purpose."

Dr. Henderson related how he lost 25 pounds in one month when he escaped from the prison camp to which he had been moved in France and no longer could get Red Cross parcels.

### Stranded Fliers

Used American Slang For Code Signals To Attract Attention

Mysterious radio messages, picked up accidentally by an R.A.F. flier who mistook American slang for code signals, led to the rescue of 250 American and Allied airmen stranded behind the German lines in Yugoslavia, it was disclosed.

The stranded fliers, most of them Americans who had bailed out of crippled planes during previous raids on the Balkans, were assembled at a secret hide-out in German-held territory and trying to contact Allied headquarters in Italy by radio.

Lacking the R.R.F. code signals, the men used ingeniously-phrased slang to notify headquarters of their situation without giving away their hideout to the Germans.

A British radio operator picked up one weak call while flying over Yugoslavia and finally "decoded" the SOS. Repeated flights were made over the same area and after a further interchange of messages a number of Allied bombers was sent to the scene to the rescue of the marooned men.

### REASONABLE REQUEST

Dame May Whitty, the English actress, is almost 80 years old. She went into a New York department store, and the salesgirl who waited upon her was "curt." The venerable lady kept her temper, especially since she knew that the salesgirl was aware of her identity. Finally she said to the salesgirl: "I suppose you feel you're as good as I am." "I certainly am," the salesgirl replied. "Yes, I'm as good as you are." "Then," said Dame May Whitty, "why can't you be civil to your equals?"

There is enough ice in Antarctica today to cover the entire globe with a layer 120 feet thick. 2611

### The Beaver

Preservation Of The Beaver Is A Factor Of Importance

It might be appropriate to draw attention to the fact that the preservation of our beaver is also a factor of importance in its turn in the preservation of our forests. For the dams built by the beaver do a great deal to prevent a too rapid run off of the rainwater or the water from the melting snows of winter. They maintain ponds and protect the level of streams and so protect moisture for the trees and the reserve for our power developments.

A few years ago two Algoma men who acted as guides for tourists were discussing routes with a party who wished to take a canoe trip. "Do you know," asked one, "if the beaver have been trapped out at such and such a spot?" And his companion replied that he believed they had been.

"Then there is no use," said the first guide, "in sending this party by that route; for if the beaver are gone there won't be enough water for the canoes."—Sault Ste. Marie Star.

### Powerful Microscope

Has Been Installed At McGill University In Montreal

An electron microscope, capable of magnifying 50,000 times, was installed and tested at McGill University, and will be used in scientific study related directly to the war effort. The only other machine of its type in Canada is at the National Research Council at Ottawa.

The instrument, which weighs approximately three-quarters of a ton, is contained in a console cabinet standing about six and a half feet high. R.C.A. Victor engineers, who installed the microscope, said it was "a great vacuum tube, similar to those used in an ordinary radio set."

### From A Man's Suit

4897 SIZES 14-17 (12-18)



By ANNE ADAMS

Make your new Spring suit! A cardigan is young, smart, and a cinch to sew—no collar to finish! Pattern 4897 includes instructions for making it from a man's suit.

Pattern 4897 comes in sizes 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18. Size 13 takes 2½ yards of 54-inch material. Send twenty cents (20¢) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this pattern. Write plainly Size Name, Address and Style Number and send orders to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg, Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man. "Because of the slowness of the mails delivery of our patterns may take a few days longer than usual."

### DOVER'S WHITE CLIFFS

The white chalk cliffs of Dover, England, are made up of fossilized shells of animals so small that more than a million are required to form a cubic inch of chalk.

Strained? Aching? Stiff? put on

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

**Grand with Cheese**  
FRESH!  
Flaky, crisp, oven-fresh Christie's Premium Soda Crackers add the right touch to  
Spreads • Beverages  
Soups • Salads  
At your grocer's, always ask for Christie's.

**Christie's PREMIUM SODA CRACKERS**

CS-24W

## Win a \$10,000 Home

Built where you want it; as you want; furnished to your taste

Total Expenditure for House Not to Exceed \$7,500.  
Total Expenditure for Furniture Not to Exceed \$2,500.

### TICKETS

\$1 Each

BOOK OF 12  
TICKETS \$10

\$1,000 to Solicitor of  
Winning Contribution

Proceeds devoted to lifetime upkeep of two hospital rooms in Col. Belcher Military Hospital, Calgary.

If you think you can dispose of books of tickets in your district get in touch today with  
CANADA CLUB OF CALGARY, 116-8th Ave. E., Calgary, Alta

## Viking Items

Funeral services of the late Mrs. Ruby Marion McArthur, beloved wife of John Angus McArthur of Bruce, Alberta, who passed away in Edmonton on March 23, were held on Good Friday at the Viking United church, at 2 o'clock, followed by a service in Bruce Community hall. The United church choir was in attendance. Mrs. Vern Kamey, an Esquimaux stationer, said: "The Old Rugged Cross" Rev. J. R. Wright and Rev. J. R. Gee on official and informal took place in the Bruce cemetery.

The late Mrs. McArthur was born in October, 1910. She attended public school at Jarow and Quinte. Her high school and normal training were received in Edmonton. She taught school at Fabian, Siles and Torlock. In 1937 she married John A. McArthur of Bruce district. After a short residence in Edmonton they moved to Bruce where they built their own home and were residing at the time of her death.

Mrs. McArthur took an active interest in church and community affairs. She was president of the Red Cross and Women's Institute. She was leader of the C.G.I.T. and taught a Sunday school class. She was a member of the board of managers of the Bruce United church. The C.G.I.T. girls, her Sunday school class and the members of the Women's Institute each placed flowers on her coffin as they marched past at the service in Bruce. Mrs. McArthur was a cheerful person and made many friends in her short life.

She leaves to mourn her loss, besides her loving husband, one daughter, Dorothy Joan, aged 7 years; and one son, Roy John, aged 3 years; her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Roy E. Westbrook, Viking, one sister, Helen, of Bashaw, two brothers, C. H. "Ted," of Edmonton and C. Lorne, of Viking; also numerous other relatives, uncles, aunts and cousins. Two uncles, Tom and Charlie Brickman, reside in Viking district.

All bearers were: Marion P. R. Herr, Phillip, Geo. Zeuske, E. Stambaugh, Fred Palan, and Mike Ozubko.

Mr. Neil McEachern is in an Edmonton hospital. Mrs. McEachern accompanied him to the city.

Mrs. Harold Green and young sons Garry and Dennis are visiting with her parents north of town.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the United church will meet in the church hall on Thursday, April 12, at 3 p.m. for their regular meeting.

Though an error the charge for the dance following the W.I. concert on April 13, was published as 25c per person. This should have been 75c per couple, extra ladies 25c.

Mrs. Jas. Heslop and daughter, Miss Bernice, have arrived from Fort McMurray for a visit with friends and relatives in this and Phillips district. They are well pleased with their home at Fort McMurray.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Elliott and young son spent the Easter holidays in Edmonton. Mr. Elliott attended the teachers convention the first of the week.

Mr. McGregor was up from Wainwright for the Easter weekend.

The dance after the picture show Monday evening sponsored by the Badminton Club proved quite successful.

Reports are that spring work will commence next week in this district—if we don't get a snow storm or a rainy spell.

R. J. Darrah and Sons are loading a car of potatoes on Friday, April 13.

Mrs. D. Wemp, Mrs. Vern Gilpin and Irene spent a few days in Edmonton last week.

## CANADIAN OPINIONS OF THE WEEK

"The wealth of Canada lies, as in the time of our forefathers, in the soil and the forests, in the fields and in our rivers, and it can only be taken from there by hard work."—Dr. L. P. Nelligan, F.A.C.S.

"Canada's future as a free nation could best be assured as a member of the British Commonwealth. Nothing done at San Francisco should weaken the ties binding Canada to the Commonwealth and Empire. Those ties should be strengthened rather than relaxed."—Gordon Graydon, K.C., M.P.

### CAR DEALER IS FINED \$500

An Edmonton used car dealer was fined \$500 and costs or one year in jail on 70 counts of evading Price Board regulations governing used car sales in Edmonton city police court. He was convicted on 42 charges of selling used cars over ceiling prices, 1 of purchasing a car above the ceiling price, and 27 of making false statements to the Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

### BEE SUPPLIES FOR SALE

Free from disease, new and some used manufactured nailed and painted Deep Supers each \$2.85; complete ten frames and wire foundation, metal tops Excluders and bottom boards, and some shallow Supers for cash.—Apply J. Phillips, Viking, 28111p.

### FOR SALE OR RENT

NW qr. sec. 30-46-11, 3 miles SW of Kinsella, on the old highway. Nine fair buildings, and well, 80 acres under cultivation. J. Hajek, Kinsella, Alta. 28-4



By DR. K. W. NEATBY  
Director  
Liaison Elevators Farm Service  
Wainwright, Manitoba

### A Good Plan

The wheat stem sawfly probably qualifies as the most serious controllable hazard in successful wheat production in the Prairie Provinces. We say "controllable" because, thanks to the admirable work of our entomologists, we know that losses may be very greatly reduced.

The defeat of wheat stem rust was achieved almost entirely by agricultural scientists. The farmer had only to purchase seed of rust resistant varieties. The wheat stem sawfly problem, at present, is different because control measures involve modifications of farm practice, and the farmer himself, in co-operation with his neighbours and with technical advisors, must do the job.

The Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture is, this year, embarking on an aggressive control campaign in the southwestern part of that province. Field supervisors have been appointed and they will work under the advice of Dominion Government entomologists and Experimental Farm personnel. If the farmers give this programme full support, it will succeed. If they don't, it will fail.

We gladly dedicate this article to the Saskatchewan sawfly control programme despite the fact that many of our readers are not actually involved. The same kind of organization would be admirably suited to several other problems. Indeed, in Manitoba, the control of leafy spurge is well under way as the direct result of an essentially similar plan.

This sort of work brings farmers, government officials and scientific agriculturalists closer together: a much to be desired and long overdue state of affairs.

## SPRING CAMPAIGN AGAINST WARBLERS NOW ON

If cattle could talk the topic of conversation this month would be the war, not the European war or the war in the Pacific, but the war on the warble fly right here in Alberta. April is the month when the big push is being made.

Leading farmers and ranchers all over the province are treating their cattle to destroy the heel fly grub. Knowing the value of warble control they not only are treating their own herds but are encouraging their neighbors to do likewise. 30 district agriculturists from the Montana border to the Peace River area are giving leadership to the offensive. These people are fully aware of the tremendous damage the heel fly does and the heavy loss stockmen suffer every year. They know that the proper control of this pest is of great economic value to the individual cattle owner and the industry as a whole.

Entire districts will be covered this season. While it is good business for individuals to treat their own cattle the results obtained from control on a community basis are outstanding. It should not be long now until buyers will be found concentrating their efforts and paying premiums for cattle purchased in warble-free districts. Producers in such districts will benefit from this occurs.

J. L. Eaglesham, supervisor of pest control, reminds us of the treatment for warbles is simple and cheap. One treatment per animal will probably cost 2c. Three treatments for 100 per cent control will not cost a dime when done by hand. Treatment with pressure sprayer, while adapted to larger herds, will naturally be a bit more costly. The control of the heel fly with Derris powder is completely effective. Probably no insect known causes so much damage and is so easily controlled. Anyone who has not controlled this pest in his herd should just try it. Once



## THIS IS AN OFFICIAL STATEMENT BY YOUR GOVERNMENT ABOUT

# COAL

This year the mines must be kept working during the Spring and Summer. Unless they get a steady flow of orders, they will lose their miners to other employment. It is absolutely imperative that the miners keep at work in the mines.

The transportation situation also is likely to become serious. The railways are now in a position to haul coal from the mines to the dealers' yards, but later will be busy hauling grain.

The coal dealers have had difficulties this past winter with delivery labour, and if they are to deliver all the coal required by their customers, it will be necessary to keep their employees busy every working day in the year.

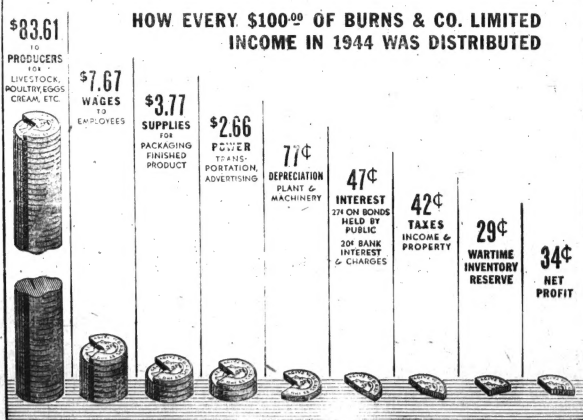
So that your dealer may do his part in keeping the mines busy during this war emergency, get him to fill your bin as soon as possible.

## DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS and SUPPLY

Hon. C. D. Howe, Minister

WC 1

## Farmers Get 83c of Burns' Income Dollar



Farmers, who are the primary producers of products processed and distributed by Burns & Co. Limited, received more than 83 per cent of every dollar of the Company's income in 1944. The above graph shows clearly how every \$100 of income was re-distributed by the Company, from \$83.61 to the farmer and \$7.67 in wages to employees, down to 34 cents net profit.

results are seen he will always be a booster for warble control. The department of agriculture is solidly behind this spring campaign, and while some 400,000 cattle in this province were treated last year, it is hoped that the figure will reach 700,000 this spring. This figure represents 50 per cent of Alberta's cattle population. Spend a dime and save \$10. Get your neighbor to do the same.

"But it would be disastrous if we suddenly lifted the lid on prices when the war is over. It would upset our economy and make high employment impossible."—Hon. Humphrey Mitchell, M.P.

## BRITISH BACON NEEDS REQUIRE STEADY SUPPLY

Burns & Co. President Warns Canadian Farmers May Lose Valuable Export Market

Calgary, April 3—"If Canada is to safeguard its interests in the British market after the war, the need to meet Britain's present bacon requirements cannot be over emphasized," according to John Burns, president of Burns and Co. Ltd. While Canadian exports of bacon and beef reached a wartime high during 1944 marketings have since declined and if the present trend in bacon exports to Britain continues it will lead inevitably to a reduction in the present

weekly 4 ounce ration of the British consumer, Mr. Burns states. With Hon. J. G. Gardiner, minister of agriculture, as authority for the statement that while there will be limited demand for grain, Canada is assured of a ready export market for pork at present market levels until at least the end of 1945, Mr. Burns states that Canada has so far failed to take full advantage of this market. He warns that unless Canadian producers are prepared to raise a suitable type of hog year in and year out and in numbers that will ensure the shipment of adequate quantities of bacon to Britain weekly throughout the year, there is little hope of Canada retaining that market.



# UNRESERVED CASH AUCTION SALE

Having received instructions from Mr. AND. HAMMER, Owner  
I will sell by Public Auction on his place,

**S. E. Qr. of Sec. 5 - 48 - 10 - 4**

**7 Miles North and 4 East of Kinsella**

**14 miles South and 2 West of Minburn**

# FRI. APRIL 13TH

1945

**Kinsella Ladies Will Serve Lunch**

**Sale Starts 1 P. M.**

**Bring Cups**

## 12 head HORSES

- 1 WELL MATCHED TEAM, Sorrel, mare, 9 yrs. and Gelding, 7 years, 3200 lbs., broken
- 1 BAY TEAM Geldings, 7 and 9 yrs. 2600, broken
- 1 BLACK GELDING, 11 years, 1600 lbs., broken
- 1 GREY MARE, aged, 1700 lbs., broken
- 1 BAY GELDING, 9 years, 1500 lbs., broken
- 1 GREY GELDING, 9 years, 1500 lbs., broken
- 1 DARK GREY MARE, 3 yrs., 1400, halter broken
- 1 TEAM GREY MARES, aged, 2600 lbs., broken
- 1 DARK GREY MARE, rising 2, halter broken

## Harness and Collars

- 4 SETS OF PLOW HARNESS
- 1 SET OF BREECHING HARNESS
- 12 HORSE COLLARS LINES and BRIDLES
- 1 GRANARY, shingled, 12x16
- 1 STEEL STOCK TANK, 8 ft., nearly new
- 1 10 Ft. ROUND WOODEN STOCK TANK

## Miscellaneous

- 20 RODS OF HOGWIRE, 32 inches high
- 1 TANK HEATER 2 BARRELS
- 1 PIG CRATE LOADING CHUTE
- NUMBER OF HOG TROUGHS
- 1 HEAVY LOG CHAIN WIRE STRETCHER
- 1 BLOCK AND TACKLE
- 1 CREAM SEPARATOR, Lister, 750 lbs.
- 2 CREAM CANS, 8 gallon
- EVENERS SINGLETREES
- PICKS, SHOVELS, CROWBARS AND TOOLS
- Too Numerous To Mention

## Household Goods

- 1 BUFFET 2 WASH STANDS
- 1 ROUND EXTENSION TABLE
- 1 SQUARE EXTENSION TABLE
- 1 SINGER SEWING MACHINE
- 1 MARCONI RADIO, 6 tube
- 1 HEATER 1 CUPBOARD
- 1 ROCKING CHAIR
- SEVERAL KITCHEN CHAIRS
- 1 CROCK, 12 gal. Several Other Cocks
- SEALERS DISHES

## Farm MACHINERY

- 1 McCORMICK-DEERING BINDER, 8 ft.
- 1 SEED DRILL, Massey-Harris, 20 run, single disc
- 1 SEED DRILL, Van Brunt, 22 run, single disc
- 1 BREAKING PLOW, I.H.C., tractor, 22 inch
- 1 BREAKER with trucks, 16 inch
- 3 SECTION LEVER HARROWS
- 3 SECTION BOSS HARROWS
- 2 DISCS, 8 ft.
- 1 HARROW CART
- 1 TANDEM DISC, 8 ft., inthrow
- 1 HEAVY WAGON, I.H.C., 3 1/2 inch tires
- 1 WAGON, 3 ft. tires 1 WAGON, 2 in. tires
- 1 WAGON BOX, Brand New, 36 inches high
- 1 GRAIN TANK, 125 bus. 2 HAY RACKS
- 1 MOWER, McCormick Big 6
- 1 HAY RAKE, 10 ft.
- 2 SETS BOB SLEIGHS, 2 inch
- 1 MASSEY-HARRIS CHOPPER, 8 inch
- 1 GANG PLOW, Massey-Harris, 14 inch
- 1 GANG PLOW, John Deere, 14 inch
- 1 PUMP ENGINE, 1 1/2 H.P. Fairbanks Morse
- 1 PUMP JACK and BELT

**Terms Cash**

All cheques issued at Sale must be O.K.

No Goods To Be Removed Until Settled For

# ANDREW HAMMER

**Owner**

**Gordon Stalker, Auctioneer**

**Frank Ratke, Clerk**

License No. 12-45-46 Member A.A.A. Phone 66, Viking, Alta.

Viking News Print

## Good News!

FOR FOLKS WITH SHUFFLY  
**Head Colds**

Quick relief from the sneezy, stuffy distress of head colds is what you want. So try Vicks Vapo-Rol—a few drops up each nostril—to soothe irritation, reduce congestion. You'll welcome the relief that comes! Vicks Vapo-Rol also helps prevent many colds from developing if used in time. Try it! Follow directions in folder.

**VICKS VA-TRO-NOL**



## Prosperity For Agriculture

THE PEOPLE OF WESTERN CANADA have always been known for their optimism and for their firm faith in the future of this part of Canada. In spite of the fact that agriculture, upon which the prosperity and progress of the Prairies depend, has been beset by many difficulties from the time the land was first settled. Drought, rust, frost, insects and adverse economic conditions are among the problems with which the farmers have had to deal. Some have been successfully solved by the farmers themselves. By these means, farming conditions have steadily improved. Rust and frost resistant wheats have been developed, new insecticides and fertilizers have been put on the market, while farmers' organizations and other interested groups have worked to improve prices and other economic factors affecting agriculture.

### Increase In Farm Income

A recent survey of farming conditions in Canada shows that at the present time the average Canadian farmer "owns more property, is in a better cash position, and has fewer debts, than ever before in history." These improved conditions are attributed largely to the fact that farm prices increased by sixty per cent. between the years 1939 and 1944, while during the same period there was a fifty per cent. increase in agricultural production. As a result of this, the farm income is at present almost twice as large as it was before 1939, and farmers are now believed to be in as favourable a situation as they were during the period of prosperity which they enjoyed between the years 1926 and 1929. This comparison is made on the basis of the relation between farm prices and cost of living now and in the earlier period.

### Many Employed In Agriculture

Records show that the greatest expansion in Canadian agriculture took place in the years between 1914 and 1918, when the land under cultivation was expanded by 18,000,000 acres. This expansion resulted in our having large amounts of wheat for export and in prices becoming subject to the influence of world market conditions. One of the greatest problems of past years has been the marketing of our surplus agricultural products, and upon the solution of this problem rests much of the hope for the continued prosperity of those on the land. This is a matter of wide concern, for agriculture is considered to be Canada's greatest industry, employing twenty-five per cent. of all the gainfully occupied people in the Dominion, and thirty per cent. of all the gainfully occupied men. Provision has been made for increased economic support for Canadian farmers after the war, and this, combined with recommendations made at the recent Breton Woods Conference in respect to improved world trade conditions, may lead to the removal of one of the most serious hazards to the farming industry.

### Sea-Going Movies

#### Provide Much Entertainment For Men Of Royal Canadian Navy

The sea-going movies of the turbulent North Atlantic are just as popular as the land theatres, even if it does sometimes take two men to hold down the projector and another to keep the screen steady on a rolling sea.

Few theatres anywhere serve a better purpose than the makeshift layouts in the mess decks of 175 ships of the Royal Canadian Navy where 16 mm. copies of major film productions are shown in all weather and latitudes from Halifax to North Russia.

These films for navy men are rented by the Royal Canadian Navy Film Society, a non-profit organization run entirely within the naval service to provide naval officers and ratings with film entertainment wherever they may be.

Films are rented by the ships and at sea and in remote ports are passed from ship to ship.

Navy men in ships pay five cents each to rent the films they take to sea with them. This assessment works out to approximately \$4 for a minesweeper and \$10 for a destroyer. The cost in each case is footed by the ship's canteen fund so the cash out-of-pocket expense to the man in the lower deck is nil.

#### MADE A MISTAKE

Napoleon once sent troops to take possession of Australia. They landed, and named the colony "Terre Napoleon," but while the French commander, an amateur naturalist, had gone inland to hunt butterflies, the British arrived and captured the entire garrison.



### A Handsome Gift

#### Albums Were A Magnificent Example Of Modern Russian Craftsmanship

The second anniversary of the defeat of the Germans at Stalingrad was happily marked at an Anglo-Russian gathering in London, when gifts sent by the City Council and people of that heroic city were handed over to British craftsmen who made the Sword of Honor presented by the King of Stalingrad.

Mr. Sobolev described the 18 albums presented as a "modest gift," but in fact they are magnificent examples of modern Russian craftsmanship. Bound in ribbed scarlet silk, with a gilt clasp, each of the large albums contains a photographic record of life in Stalingrad before, during, and after the memorable siege, with greetings to the British people signed by representative citizens, reproductions of the messages congratulating Marshal Stalin on the victory by Mr. Churchill and Mr. Roosevelt, and a pictorial record of the presentation of the sword. Each album is enclosed in a casket of carved walnut, the name of the recipient being engraved on the gilt plate. The albums were designed and made by Stalingrad craftsmen.

The widow of Mr. R. M. Y. Gladstone, the designer of the sword, was the first to receive an album—London Times.

### Canada Walk

#### Street In London May Be Named In Honor Of Dominion

London County Council—Holborn Borough Council has decided to ask the L.C.C. to name the north side of Lincoln's Inn Fields as Canada Walk further to commemorate the cordial relations during the war between the Royal Canadian Air Force and the citizens of Holborn.

It was on the north side of Lincoln's Inn Fields that a maple tree, the gift of the mayor and citizens of Ottawa, Ontario, had been planted recently by the Mayor of Holborn, Alfred Wilfred E. Mullen.

#### MANY BIG WARS

There have been 902 big wars since 500 B.C. France was involved in 185 of these, Britain in 176, Russia in 151, and Austria in 131. 2611

### New Type Of Drill

#### Digs Holes For Telegraph Poles Or Fence Posts

A revolutionary drill which will dig holes for telegraph poles or fence posts in less than three minutes has been introduced in Canada by the Canadian National Telegraphs and is now in use along the company's lines. It is announced by A. P. Linnell, general superintendent, Western region. The new equipment saves about one hour's time per post compared with that required by hand digging in average ground and up to seven and eight hours through frost and hard pan.

The drill is installed on the back of a standard D-2 Caterpillar tractor and will dig to a depth of seven feet. It also has a changeable auger and will dig a hole up to 24 inches in width. The C.N. Telegraphs is presently using 16-inch and 20-inch augers. The drill will dig a hole at almost any angle.

As previously used in parts of the United States, the drill has been mounted on a trailer, but the C.N. Telegraph engineers found that a tractor is far more practical as it allows the drill to be moved rapidly over almost any type of ground. The tractor has been installed with a longer than standard tread to offset a tendency to tilt when the digging machine is under power; the bumper at the front has been replaced with a heavy counter-weight.

Gears for the operation of the drill are fitted to the power take-off on the tractor and a winch has also been installed to raise and lower the poles in the holes.

The apparatus, which is the property of the C.N. Telegraphs, is presently being used at Lundar, about 70 miles north of Winnipeg, where it has proven most efficient, even under extreme winter conditions. Mr. Linnell states the drill will be employed at various other parts of the western region as needed.

### Has A Variety

#### Hats Mr. Churchill Wears Are Of Many Different Styles

Hats make all the difference in the world, as any woman will affirm. Mr. Churchill has quite a variety of them. His current, pillbox 'fur, which he wore at the Tehran conference, gave him a Slavonic touch. His bowler is in the best tradition of the English squire. His homburg is likewise the typical Londoner, and his silk top hat makes him every inch the British Prime Minister. His "Nigara fedora" with its snap brim pulled down in front, is quite American. Most startling of all is the western sombrero which changes him entirely, and gives him the appearance of a two-gun sheriff in Dodge City or some such place in the eighties of the last century, when a man had to be quick on the draw and shoot just once. Yes, sir; male hats are almost as important as millinery—Hamilton Spectator.

### Accepts Invitation

#### Mrs. Winston Churchill Will Visit Russian Red Cross Societies

Mrs. Winston Churchill has accepted an invitation from the Soviet government and Red Cross and Red Crescent societies of U.S.S.R. to visit Russia, and has arranged to go early in the spring, it has been learned. This will be Mrs. Churchill's first visit to Russia. She inaugurated the Red Cross Aid To Russia fund which up to the end of last year had raised about \$27,000,000 and had shipped about 15,000 tons of medical supplies to U.S.S.R.

### Canadians "Hang On" In Forward Drive



Infantrymen of the First Canadian Army cling to each other for support as they ride forward on a lurching tank in the Reichswald Forest sector in pursuit of the enemy.

## Price Control And Rationing Information

Q—Under the rental regulations of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board will it be necessary for me to have my board and room rate approved before taking in a boarder?

A—Landladies, who are providing room and board for the first time, may set their own rates. Should the boarder feel that the rates are out of line with similar accommodation in the neighborhood, he may refer the matter to the rentals department of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board for adjustment.

Q—Now that cuffs are allowed on men's trousers, I would like to know whether a tailor can put cuffs on ladies' slacks.

A—No. Cuffs are not allowed on ladies' slacks. However, if you wish pleats on your slacks, these are permitted.

Q—When our sugar ration is so strict, I can't see why a restaurant is allowed to waste sugar by serving it with tea and coffee when the customer hasn't even asked for it.

A—Public eating places are prohibited from serving sugar with tea or coffee, but fruit unless it is requested by the customer.

Q—Are the prices of seeds and plants controlled by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board?

A—No. The prices of seeds and plants are exempt from Board regulations.

—Please send your questions or your request for the pamphlet "Consumers' News" or the Blue Book in which you keep track of your ceiling prices, mentioning the name of this paper to the nearest Wartime Prices and Trade Board office in your province.

### Getting It Back

#### United States Sold Scrap Metal To Japan Which Is Being Used For Munitions

The spectroscopic show that the Japanese are still shooting United States scrap metal at U.S. soldiers.

This is reported in a study made by metallurgists of the Battelle Memorial Institute for the U.S. Army and the Navy Ordnance departments, and the Office of Scientific Research and Development.

The spectroscopic is the eye which metallurgists use to identify the presence of atoms by the light they emit. It shows, even down to one part in a million, whatever trace of any metal is present.

"The laboratory data show," says the report, "from the presence of residuals, that the scrap which the United States sold to Japan before the war plays a considerable part in the munitions being used against us."

### In Civilian Life

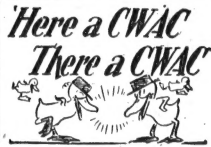
#### Royal Navy Volunteer Reserve Officers Had Varied Occupations

On a single course in H.M.S. Lochinvar recently, the R.N.V.R. (Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve) officers under instruction included those who in civilian life had been a Local Government clerk, a surveyor's assistant, a chemist, a shop manager, a school master, a chartered accountant, a printer, a bank cashier, a glove salesman in the woollen trade, an inspector of the Metropolitan Police, a fur-buyer, a realtor, a cabinet-maker, and an Australian sheep-farmer.

Either was not put to any practical use until 1842, although it was discovered in the 18th century.

## MACDONALD'S BRIER

Canada's Standard Smoke



#### MEET A CWAC—

"Detailed for domesticity" is the hope of Sgt. Barbara Leonard Ogden, Sask., and it can't happen too soon—though she does enjoy her army work very much. Barbara was one of the early members of the C.W.A.C. in Saskatchewan, in fact she holds more or less of a service record with the Royal Canadian Ordnance Corps, having gone to work with them the day after she enlisted and been there ever since. Hoping to live the domestic life and being a practical soul, Barbara has set about preparing herself for the future. She spends at least two evenings a week at night school studying cooking and sewing. Her husband, now on the Western Front, is expected for the second time. The first time was before they were married and he was there for a year and a half, returning in 1942. They were married in December of that year and he was posted overseas again. He's been there over two and a half years, this time. In the meantime, Barbara, with her night school and her post-war plans intends to be amply prepared for the day when she is "detailed to domesticity."

TOGETHER—

"Route aside" they were; now they're "CWAC-ed"—but still together. In civilian life Mary Mills and Rosalind Sherman handled messages—hundreds of them for the Canadian National Telegraphs in Winnipeg. In the army they don't know what they'll be doing—but whatever it is they hope it's together. In the meantime they are going on Basic Training. Mary Mills is a Manitoba girl, daughter of Gilbert Mills, Winnipeg. Rosalind Sherman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Sherman, Prince Albert was born at Paddockwood, Sask.

GRADUATE—

Seventy-five members of the C.W.A.C. took part in the recent graduation day exercises held at No. 3 CWAC (B) T.C. Kitchener, Ont. Included in the graduating class were a number of Western girls among them being: Ptes. G. I. Airth, Stonewall, Man.; E. M. Hurd, Woodmont, Man.; A. E. Loney, Pine Creek, Man.; J. V. Fox and H. M. Smith, Swift Current, Sask.; L. M. Anderson, White Fox, Sask.; J. L. Hart, Landis, Sask.; H. H. Hargrave, Hodgeville, Sask.; E. H. Thurston, Vonda, Sask.; J. M. Fournier, Pincher Creek, Alta.; A. Howden, Seebe, Alta.; E. M. Walker, Pashley, Alta.

MARRIED—

Her khaki uniform was put aside for a flannel gown of thin white chiffon when Pte. Fern Florence Davidson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. Davidson, Tisdale, became the bride of Pte. Neil Brown, Mount Forest, Ont., at a wedding ceremony held in Borden, Ont., England recently. Completing her wedding ensemble, the bride wore a finger-tip veil of embroidered white net and carried an arm bouquet of pink mums. She was given in marriage by L-Cpl. M. Durand, Regina. Pte. Ruth Grant, Hardwood Lands, N.S., was her only attendant.

ENLISTS—

Miss Loretta Dora Kerschlein, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Kerschlein, Steen, Sask., enlisted in the Canadian Women's Army Corps at Fort Osborne Barracks in Winnipeg recently. Born at Swift Current, she was a student nurse at Brandon Mental Hospital prior to her enlistment. Her sister, Cpl. Edna Kerschlein, is a member of the R.C.A.F. (W.D.) and until recently has been stationed at Macdonald, Man.

SHE'LL SAY IT EVERYTIME—

CWAC Sergeant: Where's Pte. Buttercup? I've been looking for her all evening.

Penelope CWAC: I think she took the last draft overseas.

The art of weaving asbestos was known to the ancients. It was rediscovered in 1720 in the Ural mountain regions.

### Paid The Price

#### Forty-Six Allied Countries Admitted To World Security Conference

On the eve of March 1, the date beyond which no new belligerents could gain admittance to the San Francisco World Security conference, 46 Allied countries had paid the price of admission—they had declared war against either Germany or Japan.

Neutral were Switzerland, Sweden, Spain, Portugal and Argentina.

In between were five former Axis allies—Finland, Hungary, Italy, Bulgaria, and Romania—now in varying stages of repentance and all at war with Axis countries.

### SMILE AWHILE

Kate: "Where did Mabel get that awful hat?"

Ann: "She won't tell. I think it is a millinery secret."

Guy: "Look here, it ain't sanitary to have a hog pen right under the house that way."

St: "Well, I dunno, I ain't lost a hog for ten years."

"Pardon me, sir," said the waiter, taking up the money, "but this includes nothing for the waiter."

"I didn't eat one, did I?" said the professor, glancing up from his book.

Teacher: "Robert, give me a sentence which includes the word 'fascinate'."

Robert (after deep thought): "My father has a waistcoat with 10 buttons on, but he can only fasten eight."

Caller: "I am so sorry your mistress is out. Do you think she will be at home this evening?"

Maid: "She'll have to be; it's my night out."

Patient's Wife: "Is there any hope, doctor?"

Doctor: "Well, I don't know. What are you hoping for?"

Barber: "Here comes a man for a shave."

Apprentice: "Let me practice on him."

Barber: "All right, but be careful not to cut yourself."

"I like that dress you're wearing."

"I got it for my twentieth birthday."

"Really! It has worn well, hasn't it?"

Prisoner—"Judge, I don't know how to do."

Judge—"Why, how's that?"

Prisoner—"I swore to tell the truth; but every time I try some lawyer objects."

A certain officer's confidential report had written on it, by his commanding officer: "This officer should go far."

The Brigadier added: "The farther the better," and finally the divisional commander wrote: "He should start at once."

A policeman, whose evidence was taken on commission, deposed: "The prisoner called me an ass, a precious dolt, a scarecrow, a ragamuffin and an idiot." And this being the conclusion of his deposition, his signature was preceded by the formal ending, "All of which I swear is true!"

Suitor—"I have come to ask for the hand of your daughter."

Father—"Which one, Jane or Helen?"

Suitor—"Jane, sir."

Father—"Do you make enough to support two?"

Suitor—"No, sir. One will be enough."

### Clear Stuffly Heads

Relieve mucus-choked nostrils... soothe inflamed membranes... breathe freely again... by using Mentholum, Jars and tubes 30c.





## BOOSTER FOR PRAIRIE FARM REHABILITATION

George Spence, Director Of P.F.R.A., Knows Farming In Every Detail

When George Spence, tall and tireless director of Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Administration, talks of dry farming he knows whereof he speaks. For he has farmed down in some of Saskatchewan's driest country—in the southwest, close to the Montana border.

Today his gospel is a revitalized prairie farming country, its great stretches of semi-arid country revitalized by water, precious stuff, hoarded in dams and distributed by canals and ditches to thirsty land by irrigation.

Spence has had as varied a career as any man in public life—miner, homesteader, farmer, politician, nationalist and provincial cabinet minister.

He comes from the Orkney Islands, rocky bits of land north of Scotland, and his speech still betrays his origin. Migrating to Canada in 1900, Spence was lured to the far Klondike where he panned for gold for three years. He left three years later, with no fortune.

He went to the prairies where his first experience on the land was at McGregor, Man. About that time a Grain Growers local was started, and Spence took a prominent part in that organization's fight for tariff readjustment. He was one of the 800 farmers who made a trek to Ottawa to press their demands.

But Spence found farming did not pay well enough so he joined the C.P.R. and went out on survey work on branch lines. This experience gave him the germ of his later battles to get branch lines built in Saskatchewan. One of his most successful was getting the C.P.R. Consul-Assiniboia branch built in southwestern Saskatchewan.

By 1912, he was back to farming, this time at Monchy, in the Saskatchewan dry southwest. He was in there before rail came, the first to homestead in the township. And from a "cowless and treeless, sowsless and hellish" bare section of land he developed a real farm and home.

"This shows his grit. He needed trees for his homestead and was able to get 1,600 seedlings shipped from the Indian Head forestry farm to Neville. But Neville was 80 miles from his homestead.

So he walked the 80 miles and brought the 1,600 seedlings to his homestead on his back.

In 1917 Spence was nominated for the Saskatchewan Legislature in the Nottuk riding. He had to organize his campaign on foot. The Non-Partisan organization, which grew in Saskatchewan in those years out of the Non-Partisan League across the line in North Dakota, opposed him. In Spence's words the Non-Partisaners "tin-canned me and broke up my meetings." But he won the seat.

In the 1921 provincial vote he was returned, and in 1925 he took his opponent's deposit.

In 1925 he resigned his provincial seat to jump into the federal field. He was elected that year and re-elected in 1926. He was a fighter for tariff changes, and was one of the outstanding low tariff men in the Liberal ranks of those days.

A few years later he was back in provincial politics and, in a cabinet reorganization, he became minister of railways, labor and industries, and minister of highways. He continued in the Legislature, either in the government or in opposition, until 1938 when he resigned to become director of PFRA.

PFRA in the 10 years of its life has done a great job for the Canadian farmer in water conservation and in battling effects of the great drought of the thirties. Much credit goes to Spence, who has sparked the organization with some of his own unquenchable enthusiasm.—Financial Post.

## Construct More Ships

Thirty-Five Ships Are To Be Built In Canadian Yards

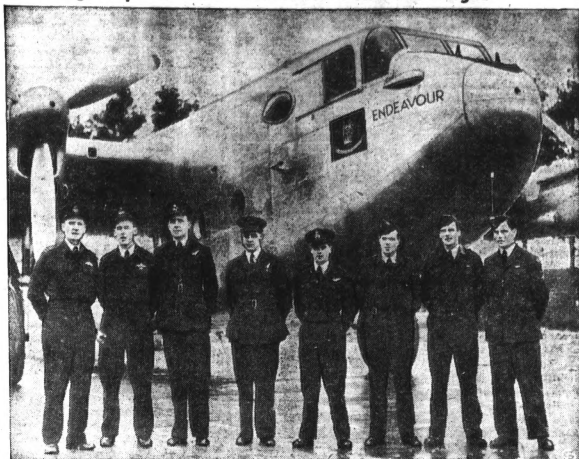
Construction of thirty-five China coaster-type steamers—15 of 1,350 tons and 20 of 350 tons—will start in Canadian shipyards in May, the munitions department announced.

Of the larger ships, six will be built by Burrard Drydock Company, Vancouver; three by North Van Ship Repairs, Vancouver; four by Victoria Machinery Depot and two by Prince Rupert drydock and shipyards.

Of the smaller ships, five will be built by George T. Davis, Lauzon, Que.; five by Morton Engineering and Drydock, Quebec; four by Collingwood Shipyards; three by Port Arthur Shipyards; and three by St. John Drydock and Shipbuilding Company Ltd., at Saint John, N.B.

The Dead Sea lies 1292 feet lower than the surface of the Mediterranean.

## Big Ship For The "Governor-General's Flight"



To enable the Duke of Gloucester to cover long distance in course of his new duties as governor-general of Australia he has this Avro York with 2,500-mile range. The big ship, christened the Endeavour, is pictured with its crew. Wing Cmdr. D. R. Donaldson, of Brighton, Victoria, the captain of the flight, is at the extreme left.

## Meat Production

Canadian Records For 1944 Exceeded Any Previous Year

Livestock and meat production in Canada during 1944 exceeded any previous year. Slaughtering of live stock at inspected establishments included 8,766,000 hogs, a 24 per cent. increase over 1943; 1,354,000 cattle, 33 per cent. higher than in 1943; 656,000 calves, 10 per cent. higher than in 1943 and 959,000 sheep and lambs, or 8 per cent. more than in 1943. As a result, the 1944 output from meat packing establishments was the greatest on record.

The record volume of live stock which farmers sent to market in 1944, writes H. K. Lockie in the Economic Analyst, placed considerable stress on handling facilities. During peak runs, packing plant facilities, already enlarged during wartime, were strained to the utmost to slaughter, process, chill, store, and distribute the numbers of live stock available. Transportation and cold storage facilities, stockyards, and other agencies concerned with the live stock and meat trade were also utilized to capacity.

Although the output of meats in 1944 was the largest in history, there was no surplus. Under the terms of export agreements with the United Kingdom, substantial quantities of bacon and beef were shipped overseas, and at the same time domestic consumption per head of population of meat soared to new high levels.

Cattle have been domesticated for so long that no one knows from what wild ancestors they originated or where they lived.

## GEMS OF THOUGHT

### EXPERIENCE

Life consists in the alternate process of learning and unlearning, but it is often wiser to unlearn than to learn.—Bulwer-Lytton.

We are often prophets to others, only because we are our own historians.—Madame Swetchine.

The rules which experience suggests are better than those which theorists elaborate in their libraries.—R. S. Storrs.

In all instances where our experience of the past has been extensive and uniform, our judgment as to the future amounts to moral certainty.—Beattie.

Christian experience teaches faith in the right and disbelief in the wrong. It bids us work the more earnestly in times of persecution, because then our labor is more needed.—Mary Baker Eddy.

It may serve as a comfort to us in all our calamities and afflictions, that he who loses anything and gets wisdom by it, is a gainer by the loss.—L'Estrange.

### FORM COMPANY

Thirty-seven British shipping companies, including some of the country's largest tramp steamship owners, have formed Shipping Airlines Limited, a company proposing to operate civil air service between Britain and all European capitals.

A taxonomist is a person who classifies animals and plants.

## Seeds For Russia

Will Help In Planting Rich Farm Lands Of Ukraine

The Foreign Commerce Weekly, official organ of the Department of Commerce, reports that 20,000 tons of seeds, a quota set for the first half of this year under lease-lend, have been delivered to Russia. These are mostly seeds of vegetable and field crops that will permit increased planting in the liberated Ukraine which contains perhaps the richest farm land under the Soviet flag. Hardy, early-maturing vegetable seeds were chosen to meet Ukrainian climatic conditions, before many months fresh produce should be on the market.

Some indication of what the shipping of seeds means in conservation of space for other munitions than food appears in the publication. It says that the 20,000 tons of seeds could be carried by two cargo ships on one trip but that it would take thousands of ships to carry the food which these seeds can produce. To make a point it says that one pound of tomato seeds may yield 160,000 pounds of tomatoes; a pound of carrot seed, 200,000 pounds of carrots, and a pound of cabbage seed, 200,000 pounds of cabbage. There is no breakdown of the quantities of seed for different vegetables, but it is fair to assume that some tons were devoted to cabbage, a vegetable which, like the beet, the Russians use expertly. At the rate of 200,000 pounds of cabbage to a pound of seed, even one ton of the latter means a huge weight in cabbages—more than two and a half pounds for every person in the U.S.S.R.—New York Sun.

## A Memorable Order

Was Issued By General Dobbie To Soldiers In Malta

In these days of terrible, scientific war, it is often hard to picture commanders fighting with the sword of the Lord and of Gideon. But there is Field Marshal Montgomery, the Puritan-like commander of the armies of the north on the Western Front. There was, too, the brilliant young Major-General Charles Orde Wingate, student of all religions, who, even in the thick of the Burma jungle, daily found time to read aloud from his Testament. A third example of piety in the higher branches of the military hierarchy is Lieut.-General Sir William Dobbie, commander of Malta during its two years of bitter siege.

On the day that Italy entered the war, Malta was ill-prepared for battle of any kind, and General Dobbie's Order of the Day was a memorable one. It ended thus:

"It may be that hard times lie ahead of us, but I know that however hard they may be, the courage and determination of all ranks will not falter, and that with God's help we will maintain the security of this fortress. I call upon all officers and other ranks humbly to seek God's help, and then in reliance on Him to do their duty unflinchingly."

The security of the fortress was maintained, contributing in no small way to the whole Allied Mediterranean victory. "That it did not fail," Sir William declared simply in an address, "is a miracle." When Malta seemed doomed, he went on "we really thought we needed God's help. We asked Him to give it to us, and He undoubtedly did. . . . The hand of Almighty God was very much in evidence."

Britain's soldier-author, Ian Hay has described the general as "Malta's tower of strength and sheet-anchor to windward during two long years of trial and endurance . . . while his deep and openly expressed religious faith accorded exactly with the Maltese tradition of devout and simple piety."

Sir William was a natural inheritor of the noble traditions of the Knights of the Order of St. John, than which we know of no finer tribute for a soldier of God and King.—From the Montreal Star.

## Famous Fish Market

Although Occasionally Interrupted By The War, Billingsgate Still Hops To Feed Britain

Billingsgate fish men might be said to have something weighing heavily on their minds.

Loads carried by these men upon their heads compare favorably with those borne upon the heads of porters in eastern lands or on safari in the African bush. Many can balance with almost uncanny grace no less than seven big boxes of kippers—traditionally one of London's favorite dishes.

Billingsgate is the famed fish market of the metropolis, lying on the north bank of the Thames just below London Bridge. Since the fifteenth century countless tons of fish have been delivered by boats of all descriptions to Billingsgate, whose strong odors and constant bustle linger in the memory of visitors. The traditional costume of the fish porters includes a curious leather hat, with a flat top, on which to balance the fish boxes.

In a single week hundreds of tons of kippers, herrings and similar fish arrive at Billingsgate, and though bombings and the uncertainties of sea fishing during the war have at times interrupted the normal commerce of the market, Billingsgate has continued under difficulties to help feed the people of Britain through their years of trial.

The kippers come from the Hebrides—the western islands of Scotland—those storm-swept Atlantic outposts of North Britain whose hardy inhabitants bring a somewhat precarious living from their rocky pasture lands and from the cold, northern seas.

### GIVES HIS SUPPORT

The collections of "Winston's Wilticams" continues to grow. A gossip columnist for the London newspaper "News of the World," described this as the latest Churchill story:

A friend recently chided Churchill for not attending church more often. Churchill suggested that his heavy duties offered some excuse for his irregular attendance.

"Yes," persisted the friend, "but do you support the Church of England?" "I do," replied Churchill. "Like a buttress—from the outside."

Water is absorbed more readily by linen than by any other fabric.

Every 400 years, our calendar repeats itself.

## BRIGHTEN UP SCHOOL SURROUNDINGS

Conditions Have A Marked Influence On The Attitude Of The Child

It is disconcerting to realize that in many parts of Canada residents spend more money painting their garages than they seem willing to spend in renovating the classrooms of their children. This despite the fact that it has been demonstrated over and over again that the condition of school surroundings has a marked influence on the attitude of the child towards school life.

Ill-kept schools are not general through the Dominion, but they are prevalent in sufficient numbers to be a decided drawback to the youth of the country. It is known that paint jobs that are 10 and 15 years old are not unknown in the Dominion.

Careful studies by color experts has thrown a lot of light on the kind of painting that should be done in schools, and this is probably as good a time as any to think a bit about the younger generation when we are doing our post-war planning.

It is agreed by experts that the tints on schoolroom walls should have both beauty and restfulness. The quieter tints are recommended for upper-grade rooms in order that the attention of the pupils is not unduly distracted from their work; but in the case of kindergartens, bright colors are usually suggested.

For rooms with northern exposures, subdued yellows or peach tan are recommended, while rooms with other exposures are generally best when done in greens, blues, light browns or powder grays. In rooms where color charts or pictures are displayed on the walls, neutral wall colors are advised.

Woodwork should harmonize with the wall tint, without marked contrast. Even where natural wood finish is used, it should be stained if necessary to reduce contrast with the painted surfaces. Pipes, radiators and other accessories should be so painted as to blend with the wall colors and be as inconspicuous as possible. For ceilings, light tints are recommended for maximum reflection of light.

On the basis of these recommendations as to what is best for schoolrooms color schemes, the majority of Canadian schools fall far below what is considered desirable. And yet, when the increased scientific knowledge about painting and lighting is being applied in offices, factories and homes, there seems no reason why it shouldn't be used in schools as well.

## Flying The Pacific

Ambitious Plans Shaping Up By U.S. And Canada

Trans-Pacific flying after the war is going to emerge from the clipper-stage. Land 'planes' of far greater capacity than any flying-boat will be used.

For the United States, Pan-American Airways will probably get the inside track in this business. It is planning to fly via British Columbia and Alaska skirting Siberia, to Japan, China, the Philippines and Australia.

Flying-boat Clippers will be displaced by Douglas DC-7 and Constellation-type four-motored, pressure-cabin planes carrying 60 to 100 passengers at 20,000 feet altitude, at a speed of approximately 300 miles an hour. Los Angeles to Sydney the flying time will be 32 hours, fare \$300, compared with a 19-day pre-war steamer trip costing about \$400.

Canadian Government has plans for a service, Vancouver to Australia, presumably by Clippers. They will operate via Honolulu, Suva and Wellington to Sydney, or from Vancouver via San Francisco, according to the latest information from Ottawa.—Vancouver Sun.

## Too Much To Bear

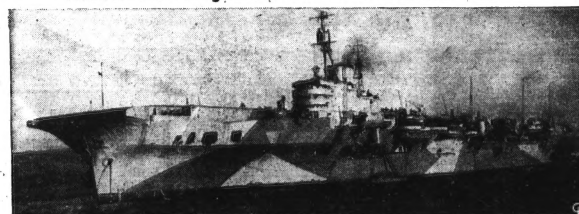
German Family Was Overcome With Shame At Hun Defeat

"The shame of German defeat is too much to bear." This was the farewell note left by a German man, his wife and his daughter whose bodies were found hanging from the rafters in their home at Elsdorf when American troops captured the town. They had stood on chairs, tied ropes around their necks and kicked the chairs from beneath them. Their dog was found hanging beside them.

### SACRIFICED TREES

No fewer than 100,000,000 trees in Britain had, at the end of 1943, been felled since the war started, the Ministry of Supply's home timber department announced recently. The sacrificed trees freed huge shipping tonnage, imports falling from 9,700,000 tons to 1,700,000, a ministry official said, adding: "But it was better for us to cut our own throats than to let the Germans do it."

## H.M.S. Indefatigable Now With Eastern Fleet



Here is the latest edition to Britain's powerful force of aircraft carriers, H.M.S. Indefatigable, now serving with the Eastern fleet.

## British Tommies Marching On The Road To Goch



British Tommies of the First Canadian Army pass through a ruined village on the road to Goch, key point in the German defences at the northern end of the Siegfried line. Tommies moved in on Goch after the capture of Klieve by the Canadians.



## RENEWAL OF UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE BOOKS

### To All Employers:

All Unemployment Insurance Books for the year ending March 31st, 1945, must be exchanged for new books.

Kindly communicate immediately with the nearest Employment and Selective Service Office if you have not already exchanged your employees' books.

There are severe penalties for failing to make Unemployment Insurance Contributions for your insured employees and for failure to renew the Insurance Books as required.

### To All Employees:

If you are an insured person protect your benefit rights by seeing that your Insurance Book has been exchanged.

#### UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE COMMISSION

HUMPHREY MITCHELL,  
Minister of Labour

LOUIS J. TROTTER  
R. J. TAILOR  
ALLAN M. MITCHELL  
Commissioners.

DW 45-3-E

## LOCALS

Mr. E. R. Wells has rented the Simmons building to use as a repair shop.

Mrs. Buckley, a sister of Mrs. Lester Knicely, and her family, have moved into Irma and are occupying the Renwick cottage beside the school ground. Mr. Buckley is overseas.

Master Bryan Targett is home from Calgary for the Easter holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Reeds are in Edmonton this week.

Lyle Raham of Elk Point, Alta., visited friends at Irma during the holidays.

Miss Jacqueline Tate of Edmonton spent Easter with her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Hardy and Miss Mildred Hill of Edmonton visited at the Hill farm over the Easter week end.

Capt. and Mrs. Greenberg of Edmonton spent the Easter week end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ross McFarland.

Mrs. Geo. Hendrickson of To-field, travelling in the interests of the W.C.T.U., gave an interesting half hour's address to the Red Cross meeting Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Ross Archibald from Belloy, Alta., visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Archibald and family.

Pte. Reggie Yoeman visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Archibald last week. After spending three years overseas Reggie is now stationed at Wainwright.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Reber have been enjoying a visit from Mrs. Reber's brother, LAC. Ernest Hoogo, of Deer Lodge hospital, Winnipeg on sick leave. He will return to his home at Theodore, Sask. Monday night. Good luck and best of health, Ernest.

The regular meeting of the Alberta Farmers' Union will be held Tuesday evening, April 10, in the Irma high school. All members are urged to attend and friends will always be welcome.

The April meeting of the Irma Ladies' Aid will be held Thursday afternoon, April 12, at the home of Mrs. Arnold. Mrs. C. McLean will lead the devotional period and Mrs. Reeds the inspirational paper. Assisting the hostess will be Mrs. G. Fenton and Mrs. M. Enger. Friends and neighbors are always welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Kassdorf and family left this week for Dundurn, Sask. Before leaving, the Albert district people gave them a farewell party.

Mr. and Mrs. N. S. Johnson and family, of Killam, visited friends in Irma on Good Friday.

"One rather gets the impression that if one maintains the courtesies of life, a chivalrous attitude and a consideration for other people, that the majority look upon you as a sucker in Canada."—Dr. N. M. Archdale.

## Items From Kinsella District

While coming to town last week, Arthur Sculthorpe shot an American eagle flying over Lake Vernon. Its wing span was 7 feet and the weight about 12 pounds.

William Carpenter, who is attending school at Holden, is spending the Easter holiday with his parents at Kinsella.

Visitors from the city for the Easter week end were P.O.M. Haje, Mr. and Mrs. L. Sowinski, Mrs. Ray Miller and two sons, Miss Belle Arkinstall and Mr. L. Horinek.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Ness and baby son, of Calgary, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. Corbett.

Cpl. R. Stevens of Calgary is home on leave.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Wylie and son, Donnie, were Sunday visitors at Mrs. Stronach's.

Mrs. G. Witts and two daughters are spending a month in Calgary, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. Clay.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Carpenter spent a few days in Edmonton last week.

Robert Barker was the lucky winner of the box of groceries raffled by the Junior Red Cross.

A whist drive in aid of the local Red Cross was held at the Kinsella hotel on Wednesday, March 28. A very enjoyable evening was spent. The winners of the prizes were Mrs. A. Berezanski, Mr. J. F. Murray, Mrs. Olsenberg and Mr. H. Long. The prizes were donated by Mrs. A. Loades.

A very successful tea and apron sale was held in the church on Saturday.

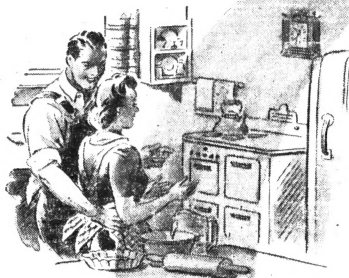
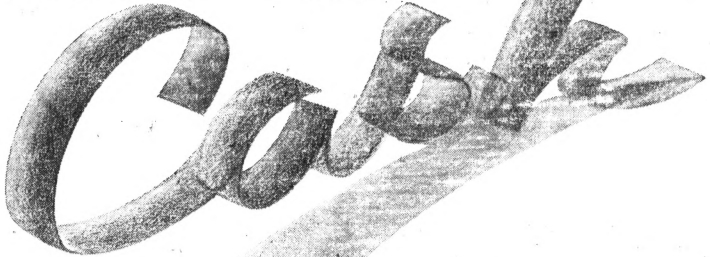
A large congregation attended the special Easter service held in the Kinsella United church on Sunday.

"I believe that freedom of exchange of international news is essential for informed opinion on international affairs and that this is indispensable to the maintenance of peace."—Prime Minister Mackenzie King.

"Canada ought to press for improvement of what already has been done and to join other nations in forming the most effective peace organization possible."—M. J. Coldwell, M.P.

**CJCA**  
RHYTHM AND  
ROMANCE  
6:45 p.m.  
Monday  
930 KC  
Voice of the Great North West

## IN MANY WAYS BETTER THAN



You will want cash if you plan to improve your home when the war ends...



You will want cash if you plan to improve your live stock...

Managing a farm is in many ways similar to managing any other business. That is why reserve savings in liquid form are so helpful to a farmer.

Victory Bonds provide the handiest form in which savings can be kept with safety. Their security is without question. They represent money owing to you by the Dominion of Canada, just as dollar bills do. And... better than dollar bills... they earn interest for you every day you hold them; even when put away for safe keeping in a bank vault or in a safe. They pay double bank interest.

You can get cash for Victory Bonds if you need cash in an emergency. Any bank will buy them from you. You can borrow on them, without any formality. Simply take them to any bank and get the loan you need. The interest the bonds earn pays a large part of the bank interest on the loan.

So, realize this fact, Victory Bonds are better than cash because they earn interest.

Buy Victory Bonds to have cash where you need it, when you may need it. Buy Victory Bonds to help maintain your country's war effort.



You will want cash if you plan to build new barns or install new barn equipment...

## Get ready to buy VICTORY BONDS

8th VICTORY LOAN OPENS APRIL 23rd.  
NATIONAL WAR FINANCE COMMITTEE.

### TENNIS CLUB DANCE HIGHLY SUCCESSFUL

The young sports fans (and some not so young) turned out in full to make the Tennis Club dance very successful.

The high school orchestra, choosing the very fitting name of "The Irma Ink Spots," covered themselves with glory in their initial appearance. Miss Shirley Thompson, at the piano, surely could tickle them that' ivories. Miss Jean Elford, saxophone, showed what could be done when one makes up one's mind to do it, for with no help but her own determination she has mastered the sax in a very pleasing manner. Carl Soneff, Jr., plays the violin, and well, too, for a lad to do it all on his own. To complete the quartette is Master Jack Fletcher on drums, who does a very creditable job of keeping all four in good time and rhythm. Good work, young folks, and keep it up. We need more of this kind of training for our young people. And we would not leave out the assistance to these young people by Mr. Wells, the Coultmans orchestra and Mr. Charles DeTro.

"Canada is the most important country in the world for the future of aviation. It is just in the right spot to be the crossroads of the world."—Capt. Ernest Gann.

### Irma Times

Published every Friday by the Times Publishers, Irma, Alberta.  
E. W. CARTER, Local Editor

### PURVIS & LOGAN

Barristers and Solicitors  
844 Tegler Building Edmonton

### WANT ADS

**FOR SALE**  
or trade for cattle, a new stable, 16x30. S. W. Jones, Irma. 30-6p

**FOR SALE**  
Reg. Victory Seed Oats Germination 98 percent.—Mrs. Janet McCartney, Irma. 2tp

**FOR SALE**  
Registered Tamworth boar, 10½ months old. Price \$30.00. Jas. Burrell, Irma. 6:13

**FOR SALE**  
Registered Hereford bull, rising two years. Stamway Domino breeding. See Art Long, phone 810, Irma. 6:13

A small want add in this paper does big work at small cost.

### SPRING NEEDS

**PLow SHARES** Now on hand for nearly all makes of plows **MIRACLE FEEDS** Do start your chicks off right and do keep them growing. Also Mineral Hog Supplement and Calf Meal **OILS AND GREASES** Don't be fooled into using a cheaper lubricating oil for your tractor. You who have used Red Head Oil in the past know that you have had satisfaction. Why buy something you don't know anything about and run up a big repair bill to save a few cents when buying it. **CREAM SEPARATORS** You can buy a new Massey-Harris Cream Separator for 550 to 600 lbs. for \$72.25. These separators skim perfectly and will last for years. Compare the prices. No permit needed and lots available.

V. Hutchinson, Irma, Phone 25

### TRAVEL BY BUS!

Here's how you can help with our Nation's Transportation problem:

1. Travel on Tuesdays and Thursdays instead of on crowded week-ends.
2. Avoid travelling on holidays during the rush season.
3. If you are sometimes inconvenienced, smile it off as a contribution to winning the war.
4. Consult your Agent or Driver for travel information.

Sunburst Motor Coaches Ltd.